1.5 million people died from TB in 2018.

In 2018, 251,000 HIV deaths were due to TB.

People fell ill from TB (484,000 cases being drug-resistant).

Each day 4,110 people lose their lives to TB and 27,397 fall ill due to TB.

Children became ill with TB and 205,000 children died of TB.

In 2018 only 70% of the 10 million new cases were reported.

The global gap in people with TB who were undiagnosed or unreported.

Better reporting, diagnosis and access to care will close this gap.

Percentage of eligible children <5 who got TB preventive treatment.

79k people >5 received TB preventive treatment – 30% decrease from 2017.

49% of people in HIV treatment also receive TB preventive treatment.

Effective prevention is critical to reducing TB transmission and ending the epidemic.
TUBERCULOSIS (TB) FACT SHEET #ENDTB

DRUG RESISTANCE

56% Just over half of those who started MDR-TB treatment were cured.

1 IN 3 Only one in three people needing treatment for MDR/RR-TB in 2018 actually received it.

50% India, China and Russia together account for half of the global cases of DR-TB.

Better prevention, detection and care will address the MDR-TB crisis.

THE END TB STRATEGY AND SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT GOALS (SDGS)


2% TB incidence is falling two percent each year. This needs to be four-five percent by 2020.

2030 Ending the TB epidemic by 2030 is among the health targets of the SDGs.

Ending TB is not just a public health problem, but a development challenge.

FUNDING GAPS IMPEDE EFFORTS TO END TB

$3.5B TB care and prevention funding gap of US$ 3.5 billion in 2018.

$1.2B An extra US$ 1.2 billion per year is required for research and development of new tools.

1.6M Investing in ending TB is value for money and will save 1.6 million lives every year.

We cannot eliminate TB, unless we eliminate the gaps in funding.

NOTES

All figures quoted are for 2018 (unless stated otherwise) which are the latest recorded data. Figures quoted should be credited to: World Health Organization: https://www.who.int/tb/publications/global_report/en/

One of the targets of the Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) for 2030 is to end the global TB epidemic. The WHO ‘End TB Strategy’ calls for a 90 percent reduction in TB deaths and an 80 percent reduction in the TB incidence rate by 2030, compared with 2015. View the End TB Strategy here: http://www.who.int/tb/strategy/en/